Quarterly Meeting 5th May 1905.

She Statutable Quarterly Meeting of the bounty bouncil, was held in the bouncil bhamber, bourthouse, weocford, on 5th May 1905.

Present: W. Edmond Hore (Vice-Chaviman) presiding also present: Mesors 6. H. Peacocke, Michael Browne, John Bolgir, M. A. Ennis, James Donohoe, John J. Kehoe, alexander Kinsella, Michael Murphy, John Sinnott, John Cummins, Daniel Dempany, James Sinnott, J. F. Walsh, and M. J. Furlong.

M. R. W. Elgee Solicitor to the bouncil, m. Henry Webster, bounty Surveyor, and M. N. J. Frizelle acting Secretary, were in attendance.

Proposals for Payment.

Proposals by Mr. Ennis.

Seconded by Mr. J. J. Kehov, and adopted.

"That the several proposals for payment sent up by the district bouncils of the bounty, and by the Proposal bommitter, for the quarter ended 31st march 1905, be approved, subject to the modifications and other orders noted thereon and initialled by the bhairman."

Educa Hore,

Half-yearly meeting- 5th may 1905.

The Statutable half-yearly meeting of the bo. bouncil, was held in the bouncil bhamber, bourthouse, westford, on 5th may 1905.

Present: M. Edmond Hore (bice Chairman) president also present: Messes 6. A. Peacocke, Michael Browne, John Bolger, M. a. Ennis, James Donohoe, John J. Kehoe, alexander Kinsella, Michael Murphy, John Sinnott, John Cummins, Daniel Dempsey James Sinnott, J. F. Walsh, & M. J. Furlong.

mr. R. w. Elgu Solicitor to the bouncil. mr. Henry webster, bounty Surveyor, and mr. n. J. Friziell, acting Sicretary were in attendance.

The minites of last Quartirly meeting, halfyearly meeting, and of special meetings on 3rd and 14th april were read and confirmed.

bapt Pigott wrote applying for a further month's leave of absence. He forwarded the following certificate from Dr. Dowse. "bapt Pigott though rather better is still

quite unfit to attend to business. I would strongly recommend that he by granted another months sick leave, as a shorter time would

"on the motion of mr Ennis, seconded by mr. Browne, the following resolution was adopted "That bapt Rigott be granted a further

"That bapt Rigott be granted a further month's leave of absence, from this day, and that me Frizelle, act as Secretary, during this period at I salary of \$2 per week"

- Rate for Financial year 1905-6.

under date 17th February 1905, the Local Government Board wrote (letter no. 9, 435 - weseford bounty)
as follows, in connection with the striking of the
Rate:-

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 9th instant, relative to the striking of the poor rate in the bounty of westford, for the financial year ending the 31st march, 1906. and, with reference thereto, I am to point out that under section 51 (6) of the focal Government Ireland) act 1898, the rate must be made immediately prior to, or at the beginning of each financial year. The Public Bodies Order 1904, provides that the Rate must be made within a month after 1st april, but in the special circumstances stated in your letter, the Local Government Board assent in the presentinetance to an extension of the period to the 5th of may next within which the poor nate may be struck

She Board would, however, suggest to the bouncil that, in arranging their meetings in future years, care should be taken that some meeting of the bouncil should take place between the date of the adoption of the Estimate and the 30th april at which the rate can be made."

Seconded by mr. Ennis, the following resolution was adopted: That we hereby strike the Rates for General and Separate Charges, as agreed to at the meeting of the Council on the 7th February 1905, and allow and make the same as assessed in the Rate Books, said Rates being in conformity with the valuation in force for the time being that the allowance for said rates as intered at the fool of each rate book and signed by the Chairman of the meeting and two members of the Council present

at this meeting, be adopted, attested by the Seal of the Council, and countersigned by the acting Secretary That the Warrants of the Rate Collectors to collect the said Rates be sealed and signed in the same manner as the Rate Books.

Proposed by m. Peacocke, Seconded by M. Ennis
"That the demands on the wrban Districts of
Enniscorthy, NewRoss, and weseford, be duly
scaled and signed, the amounts demanded for
above when Councils (after allowance for
credit items in Torms 51) being

Enniscorthy £ 363:13:4 358:9:8 70:10.0 New Ross 504:5:7 729:7:10 26:10:1 Wescford 739:7:9 692:4:4

The amounts estimated for the above urban Districts in Forms 45 were:

Enniscouthy & Union Separate

Enniscouthy & 491 & 484 & 70:10:0

NewRoss 504 729 26:10:1

Wescford 1066 998

"Adopted"

under date 29th warch 1905 (letter No. 18. 636)
Weocford County) the Local Government Board
who te that they had recommended the Board
of works to issue & 500, the balance of the loan
of & 6,500 sanctioned for the purpose of lighting
the Enniscouthy District Lunatio Arylum by
Electricity

Reports of Cocal Government Auditors—
Reports of auditor of the Local Government Board as to the audit of accounts of NewRoss Union and District Council, for the half-year ended 30th September 1904 was laid before the meeting.

under date 6th and 7th april (letters 10.8150 and 9107) the Department of agriculture etc., wrote:
"a sample of butter obtained at Ferns, and four samples of butter procured by their officer at New Ross were escamined by the Public analyst and found to be pure.

Under date the 16th February 1905 (letter Ao. 509 F. B) the Department of Agriculture, wrote that the Department would apply for the first instalment of the bounty contribution to the cost of repairing and improving Poulduff Harbour two months after date on which the work shall have been commenced. The amount would be one-half the cost of the works then executed as certified by the bounty Surveyor. The balance of the bounty bontibution would be applied for dt intervals of two months on similar terms.

Government Board wrote that so far as they were concerned, they would raise no objection to the proposal that the balance of the bounty contribution should, at the meeting of the westfood bounty bouncil to be held in may be transferred to the Subsidiary account

— New Works and Renewals of Contracts —
"Tenders for Roads were accepted by the Council
and orders made thereon as per particularsentered
on Form 20 in each case and initialled by the
Chairman."

Proposed by Mr. Cummins, seconded by ur J. Sinnott:"That the several proposals for ordinary new works
and renewals of contracts sent up by the Rural
District Councils of the County, and by the Proposal

Committee, be approved subject to the modifications and other orders noted thereon and initialled by the bhairman"

"In the bounty Surveyor's report there appeared the following reference: "In New Ross Rural District the construction of a new road to Bantry Commons comes up for final approval the road will not be a through road; it terminates on the Commons.

W. Colfer (Solicitor) appeared on behalf of the NewRoss District Council, and held that the County Council had power to make this road.

He contended that the reference in the report of the local Government Board for the year ended 31st march 1904 referred only to escisting laneways and had nothing to say to the making of a new road. The question of surcharge with regard to the making of a new road had not arisen and cannot come under the auditor's jurisdiction.

Rival District Council would be prepared to indemnify the Co Council Would be prepared to confident that this was a matter that could not come under the jurisdiction of the auditor

for surcharge.

Mr. Bryan o'Nill 19 6 explained that people of four or five townlands used the place for sending their cattle on to the bommons, and for drawing stones for repair of roads etc. There was plenty of granite also drawn there and people brought turf through the place. It meant the saving of five brish miles going to Borris and three miles to Graigue."

m. Reacocke proposed that the work be passed as a new road. mr. Kehoe seconded.
m. Elger said no matter whether brought

under Section so or Section 55, the whole question was whether it was a work of "public utility" or otherwise; and the auditor could deal with it, and would have a perfect right to look into it.

we webster (be Surveyor) said he should honestly say he was not convinced himself this was a work of public utility. It would be a work of very great advantage to the persons making use of the road. "Passed."

In reference to work no 7 G. Gorey-"That the broghan Lane, in the townlands of Barrackeroghan broughan middle, and Glenogue, be put in repair and a bridge erected over the river Bann, where it crosses the lane, not to exceed £ 250, the exchange to be a rural district charge.

The following order from the Estate Commiss

ioners, was laid before the meeting:

"The Estate Commissioners have had the matter under their consideration, and have ordered that a grant of £100 be made on the understanding that the work be properly excepted by the District Council, and that it be approved by a competent person appointed by the Estate Commissioners.

Proposed by w. m. a. Ennis; seconded by w. J. J. Kehov, and passed:

"That the several proposals for payments sent up by the District Councils, of the County and the proposals Committee for the half-year ended 31st March 1905, be approved, subject to the modifications and other orders noted thereon and initialled by the Chauman."

The following letter under date 29th april 1905

from 100. 6. a Gibbon, Sleedagh, was read:
"I hope you will pardon my writing and asking you to kindly bring this letter "relative to the state of the road from Sleedagh to me moody's cross at Rathaspeck" before the next

meeting of the bounty bouncil.

I don't think a satisfactory answer was given to that part of my letter of the 7th January last, asking about the expenditive of the money obtained from the Railway Contractors for the repair of this road; as far as I could gather from m. Webster's answer he acknowledged that some of this money was still in his hands. From the results, I should think, but a very small portion of the money was ever expended on this work it was intended for, and certainly none since your last meeting

Since then there has lithrally no work bun done on this road. I pass over it constently and have never seen any one working on it; and have been informed that the bontractors and their men, have only been on it once or twice during that time. The watertables are full of winter scrapings of the road. No stones have been put out, and there has not been a pound of stones in any of the depots.

I would also beg to bring specially to the notice of the bouncil, the state of that part of the road at Brookfield bridge; it is always bad the water lies in it continually, and it is full of ruts, it is plainly to be seen that the road has been allowed to sink below its original level, and some of the openings in the wall intended for the water to pass through are above the road and useless, so that the water must percolate through the substance of the road between the two walls making it always soft and shingly

I submit that it is due to the ratepayers using this road to have their grievances looked into and amended.

I came here from Dublin on Thursday last by the late train and had great difficulty to prevent being rolled off the ear. I am sure any Member of your bouncil, who have infortunately for themselves, to use this road, can back me up in what I say."

"Webster said he was taking the road out of the hands of the bontractor, and was going to work through the swreties; any balance in his hands of the funds received from the Railway Company would be spent on this road"

Mith reference to the proposal from the broposal bommittee to spend f 180, for repairing the breaches at Kilmore Breakwater, "W. Donohov moved that the ends of the present breaches at the breakwater, be healed up, to prevent them ravelling, and that the breaches themselves be left open pending the passage of a marine works act, cost to carry out the work not to esceed f 30. Work to be given in charge of the bounty surveyor.

We murphy seconded.

of Kilmore, and vicinity, requesting the bounty bouncil to proceed with the work as it was tabeolutely necessity.

a vote was taken with the following result:
I favour of the Proposal bommittee's recommendation: Messes J. J. Walsh, b. H. Peacocke, M. a. Ennis,
J. J. Kehol, D. Dempsey, John Sinnott, M. Browne,
E. Hore, J. bummins. - 9.
against: Messes John Bolger, M. J. Furlong, J. Donohoe
M. Murphy, James Sinnott, and A. Kinsella- 6.

The Chairman declared the resolution carried.

The following resolutions were received from me. P. o'heill of Ballingarry:
Resolved - 'Shat we the Road Contractors living within the Gory Rival District, submit that the practice followed by the County Surveyor, of allowing no credit for any quantity of broken stones on the roads after the first of September in each year, is unfair to us, as we find it much easier to get stones broken in the autumn, than any part of the year.

That we ask, and consider it only reasonable to be allowed credit for any part of the specified amount, placed on the roads in an unbroken state at or before the time of

measurement.

Shat we respectfully request your bounced to escland the time for completing the supply until the first of Detober, as, if we are died down by a hard and fast rule, to have the full supply just out by the first of September in all cases it will have the effect of reducing road making to a gamble.

some non-experienced people, of tendering for roads at an impossible price, and then, when they fail to perform their contracts, bring discredit

upon hard working honest men.

every means in their power, to put a stop to the baneful system of allowing road grabbers to take advantage of the low lender order, to captive well kept roads, in the hope of living for five years, on other men's labours.

above where men of some influence in order to

average imaginary wrongs, or to satisfy pethy spile, or splien, tendered at one fourth of the amount allowed for roads, in order that they might in some way crush their poorer neighbour, and then allow the road to deteriorate to such an extent, that it required years of hard work to get it into repair again, only to be grabbed in turn by some other adventiver.

and we beg leave to remind your bouncil of the fact, that we know of men, who took roads for the purpose mentioned above, and when the bounty Surveyor, was bringing an action against them, and their swelies, those clever her, appeal to their friends in the bouncils to break their contract, and thereby succeeded

in evading the law.

That we request the bounty bouncil to allow the Surveyor some discretionary power in the matter of material; for we know from experience that proper attention to drainage, and exctra surface work, serve some (mountain) roads better than heavy tonnage

Recommending the above to your best consideration

"W" bummins proposed and w. John Sinnoth seconded, that the resolutions be referred to the learnty Surveyor." Passed.

Me o'neill. F. Kelly, 19. J. R. J. C. wrote under date 28th april; that owing to the transfer of Sugi Howard R. J. C. Newtounbarry from westford, and Surgit Farrell from Newtounbarry to westford, fresh appointments as Inspectors under Food and Drugs acts were required."

Seconded by mo m. a. Ennis

That Lergt Howard R. I. b. be appointed Inspector under the Food & Drugs acts for Newtownbarry Petty Sessions

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Inspector under the Food and Duigs for Westford Petry Sissions district" Passed.

- Dates of Quarterly Meetings Weocford Rural District - Saturday - 8th July 1905 at 10 30 06
Govey " " Juesday 11th " " 11 30 "
Enniscouthy " " Thursday 13th " " "
MewRoss " Saturday 15th " 12 noon
Proposal Committee Friday 14th " "
Co Council Meeting Quesday 1st August

- Sheep Scal. under date 31st March 1905, the Department of agriculture (beterinary Branch) wrote (letter No. 1670-05) calling attention to the two orders issued by them for the prevention and Order of 1905 (Order No 55) and Sheep Scab (hocal Regulations) (Ereland) Order 1905 (order no 56) which came into operation on the 18th april 1905. The former order 55 contemplates that detentron restrictions imposed in respect of flocks in which disease has appeared, shallremain in force until the sheep have been thoroughly dipped in an efficient sheep-dip in the presence and to the satisfaction of an impector from the local authority, and are fru from Sheep Scal, and that the premises have been cleansed and disinfected. ' also for the isolation of any sheep (other than those dislased) that from proscimity to place of outbreak or association

from any other cause, may be suspected to have been eschosed to infection- for a period of 56 days. The Department trusted that the bounty bouncil would direct the attention of their Inspectors to a memorandum which they had issued to secure uniformity and thorough action in the application

with any animal in the diseases flock, or

of the provisions of the order. As it was possible that the Inspectors might require assistance in placing under isolation the various flocks that might be regarded as exposed to infection, the order allowed for the appointment of additional officers.

dipping of sheep, and for regulating the movement of sheep into and out of the bounty

and providing sheep dipping tanks.

The Department pointed out that "very stringent measures had been recently adopted for combating sheep scab in Great Britain and unless it becomes apparent that due effort towards the same end can be relied on, to be taken also in this bountry, there is grave reason to fear that the question of restrictions on sheep eschorts from Great Britain hitherto one of the most important branches of the Irish live-stock trade-will be seriously raised"

under date 29th april 1905 (letter No. 1758/05) the Department of agricultive, forwarded a memorandum setting out the Sheep Dips under the Sheep Scal (Ireland) order of 1905, approved of by them, and stating that they would keep the focal authority, and their Inspectors supplied with particulars respecting any preparations, additional to those furnished in the present list."

on the motion of M. Peacocke, seconded by we Ennis, the following resolution was adopted. That this bouncil considers it desirable to wait until Order 55 has been for some time in force, before considering the adoption of order 56."

The Secretary of Kildare bo. bouncil forwarded for

consideration of the westford bounty bouncil copy of Minutes of Meeting of joint bommittee representing the bounties of Kildare, barlow Kings and Quen's bounty in reference to the question of the Barrow drainage.

The minutes of the joint Committee pointed out the wigent necessity that excisted for the drainage of the basin of the river Barrow directed the attention of the Government to the necessity of proper systems of arterial drainage, and suggested mothods for their formation, including the amendment of the local Government act"

"Resolutions in the same terms, omitting the reference to the drainage of the Barrow basin were received from the baran bo bouncil"

"As against this view a resolution was received from the bounty bouncil of Tipperary (S. R.) disapproving of the resolution in favour of setting up drainage boards, for the mere purpose of transferring their powers to bounty bouncils"

Furlong the following resolution was adopted:

"That this bouncils considers that the question of arterial drainage cannot be entered upon until the fand knestion has been settled."

The following series of resolutions adopted at the annual weeting of the Irish bounty bouncils General bouncil, and which was postponed from last meeting of the bouncil came up for consideration:

That the trish people ought to be a free people with a natural right to govern themselves. That

no Parliament is competent to make laws for buland except an Irish parliament sitting in Ireland. and that the claim of any other body of men to make laws for ou to govern Ireland is illegal and unconstitutional, and a grievance intolerable to the people of this bountry."

Support of Frish manufaction That for the sake of the very existence of the Just Nation which is rapidly disappearing owing to continued emigration, the brish public generally and all public bodies that are elected by Irishmen should contract for and use only Irish manufactured goods, when they can be obtained at a reasonable price; and tellage must be encouraged by the agricultural Committees of County Councils as far as they have power, as it was encouraged through the means of bounties by the brish Parliament a century and a half ago. That buch manufacturers are hereby called upon to take immediate steps to make known to the public boards, and the Irish public generally. the goods manufactured in Ireland; otherwise the manufacturers cannot exceed that support which is necessary for their several interests and the general interests of the loundry.

National Eschibition

That we express the opinion that the proposed International Eschibition would be most determental to our wish that Irish manufactured goods should be alone used in Ireland; and we request any patriotic Irishmen who have advocated such an eschibition to withdraw their support from it, and, on the other hand, to support the holding of a National Eschibition in order that the public may see what can be produced in Ireland, and may be induced to demand of the Shopkeepers that in future home manufactures

be pushed in their shops instead of foreign goods, as is done at present:

Shat this bouncil is of opinion that in the matter of higher education for the batholic youth of this bountry, they should be suitably equipped in and have all the advantages of those of their Profestant fellow-countrymen, so as to enable them to take their properplace in the development of the Industrial resources of Ireland.

Suggested amendments to Erish Cocal Covernment

That this bouncil is of opinion that the local Government Board Orders thereinder, require amendment to meet the following points:

(a) Under the acts the Rates must be made not later than the first of march, and, as the bommissioner of valuation is only bound to supply the revised list on the same date, it follows that the Rate must be struck on the old valuation which makes a substantial difference to the rate-payers in a bounty like Dublin, where there is a large annual increase in the valuation.

(b) The interval between the statutory meetings of the District Councils, and the meeting of the Country Council, at which the District proposals are approved or rejected, is too short to allow of their being dealt with by the Country Council; the result is therefore that the rate is struck on a suppositions estimate of the amount required, instead of on the actual figures.

vacant houses the only proof required of premises

being unoccupied is the dictaration of the bollector. ander the toor law a person claiming remission was obliged to make a declaration and this bounced thinks that such a couroboration of the Collectors' statement would be desirable. (d) That the law should be amended as regards dual representation on District Councils where desirable.

(e) That power should be given to every bounty bouncil to initiate drainage schemes.

(4) That in cases of illegal payments made by Councils the only members liable to Surcharge should be those voting in favour of such illegal resolution.

(g) That we consider section 6 of the local Government amendment act 1902, which places the entire amount for increases of salaries on the local rates to be most unjust, and we emphati-

cally wige the repeal of this section.

(h) That as local councils asylum committees le, have no voice whatever in the appointment of auditors, arbitrators, etc., we consider the fact of those bodies being compelled to pay excessive eschenses to be most unjustifiable, and we call on the local bodies throughout the country to resist payment of those gentlemen till they secure a voice in their appointment.

(1) That we consider the action of the local Government Board in announcing the fact that many of the Orders in bouncel in existence, as well as the present system of accounts, are to be done away with, without consultation with the bodies immediately concerned, to be in keeping with the anti- Irish spirtt of the Local Government Board, and we claim as representatives of the bouncils of Ireland that they should have been consulted in connection (f) That we protest against charges being made

on bounty bouncils (as in the case of the South South Superary bounty bouncil) for the expenses incurred in gazetting the appointments of deputy lieutenants appointments in which the representatives of the people have neither voice now concern and demand that such charges be withdrawn in the future.

Importation of Swine into England.

That in view of the importance and volume of the Irish pig trade with England, we are of opinion that Country Councils in Ireland should be very active in protesting against any unfavor regulations being made by the agricultival Department in England, injuriously affecting the importation of pigs into that Country we approve of the action of the Salway to Council in inaugurating the proposal of holding conferences of those interested in the pig trade in consequence of which the mayor of Limerick convenies such a Conference and it was held in Limerick on the 17th December.

we desire to approve heartily of the resolutions adopted at the conference, as we know they voice the opinion of those best calculated to speak on the subject we hope those resolutions will receive the attention of the Irish party in order that the unnecessary and obnocious regulations of the Board of agriculture in England relative to the importation of Irish swine into Great Britain may be withdrawn without delay.

That in the opinion of this meeting it is desirable that immediate steps should be taken to ensure the hearty co-operation of all Irish bo bouncils in acquiring waste land, spaces suitable for re-afforestation. That the Government be requisted to allocate a sum sufficient to start a forestry

department, elected by popular suffrage which could be taken from the amount due to Ireland through over-taxcation according to the union contract

Plat it is desirable to make regulations for the lighting of bicycles after dark

The duties of bounty & deputy Surveyors.

That the bocal Bovernment Board be requested to define the duties of the bounty and deputy Surveyors in such counties where satisfactory arrangements have not been come to, between the bounty bouncil and the Surveyors, especially on the following points-

(a) are the surveyous whole time officers (b) If not, how much of their time belongs to the

to inspect roads, etc.,

(d) How often the deputy Surveyors are supposed to inspect roads. etc.,

(w) what time have the bounty bouncels to check

(f) what remedy have be bouncils against Surveyors if the Roads, watertables, and footpaths, are in bad

and that the Local Government Board be further requested to prescribe a report book for bounty and deputy surveyors to show in detail the roads etc, inspected by them, and other works arranged for, with the various dates of their inspection. That the bounty bouncils be afforded an opportunity of inspecting the reports made by the deputy surveyors to the bounty surveyor in respect of the various contracts for roads etc., said reports to be presented at a statutable meeting of the bounty bouncil, and more often if required.

That the Poor have be so amended that men and women having reached the age of 60 years and having led respectable lives should be premitted to live outside the workhouse, and they should receive in money the equivalent amount they would cost the rate-payers inside the union. This would prevent the unnatural course of separating old married couples as soon as they enter the gate of the union.

Insurance companies & claims for malicious Injuries

That the law relating to compensation for malicious injuries should be altered, so as to prevent insurance companies that have accepted premium on risks from recovering from the rate-payers under claims for malicious injuries.

That in our opinion it is absolutely necessary to have a genuine representative for trish produce in the markets of Great Britain, with autis analogous to those of the Danish bommissioner for the protection of trish interests and the extension of sale of trish products.

The following are the replies of the Local Government Board, to the above resolutions, in so far as they dealt with matters connected with the Local Government acts, and their administration (a) valuation fists

"The Commissioner of valuation now supplies these lists to Reval District Councils, on the 1st I be using in each year, and as a matter of fact the rates are assessed on the new valuations, although the estimate may, in some cases, be based on the valuations of the preciding year. It would, no doubt, be advantageous that

this lists should be ready at an earlier date, but the arrangements to be made to carry such an earlier date, but the arrangements to be made to carry such an earlier issue are matters for the consideration of the bommissioner of valuation rather than for the focal Government Board.

(b) Rates

The meaning of this resolution is not clear as rates are properly struck on the basis of estimates, and cannot be struck on actual figures."

(c) vacant

"The Board concur in the recommendation of the bouncil. This matter does not apparently require legislation, but is one within the discretion of nating authorities, who may refuse to remit rates in respect of any vacant premises unless the vacancy is proved to their satisfaction.

(d) Dual Representation on District bouncils
(d) Drainage works.

"This recommendations (d and e) will be submitted to Government in the event of further Local Government legislation".

"It appears to the Board that it might be possible for local authorities to give effort to the proposal of the bouncil, by passing a formal resolution authorising the making of each payment, and having the names of all the members voting in favour thereof recorded."

(g) Section 6 Local Government act 1902.

"The Local Government Board cannot hold out any hope that this provision of the law will be repealed."

(h) appointment of auditors, Etc.

"The Board desire to point out that, in pursuance of the policy approved by Parliament of having audito of Local Government expenditure carried out by officials independent of the authorities whose accounts they audit, the Local Government auditors are constituted

permanent civil servants, whose qualifications are extified by the bivil Service Commissioners, and whose salaries and pensions are charged on public funds, although portion of the salaries are subsequently recouped by local authorities to the Eschequer.

(i) accounts Orders.

The General Council are under a complete

misapprehension in this matter.

by the new Public Bodies Order, which morely consolidates the old orders, with such amendments as experience has shown to be necessary for the purpose of facilitating the transaction of the business of the bouncils. Thru months before the order was made, a draft was forwarded to the Secretary of each be bouncil and bounty Borough bouncils in Ireland, and the suggestions received were earefully considered and as for as possible adopted.

This appears to be a statutory charge, and the amount involved is very trifling.

The Board desire to point out to the bounced that under the provisions of Section 115 of the focal Government act, existing officers, transferred to bounty bouncils from the former Grand guris hold office on the same terms and conditions as before their transfer, and while the bo bouncils cannot impose on them any conditions as to giving their whole time to the service, it is open to them to make agreements in this respect in so far as they have not already done so

in so far as they have not abready done so. With regard to new appointments, bounty bounds can make such conditions as regards the giving of the whole time to the service as they think right when diciding on the terms of appointment. With regard to all officers, whether excisting

officers or otherwise, bounty bouncils are entitled to require from them that their duties shall be adequately and satisfactorily discharged, and any bounty on assistant Surveyor persistently neglecting to discharge his duties efficiently would render himself liable (with the concurrence of the focal bournment Board) to dismissat.

replies can be given to queries e d. and e.
Surveyors should inspect their roads as
frequently as circumstances admit. In some bounties
the Board are aware that the districts assigned
to these officers by the bounty bouncil make
it impossible to carry out as frequent inspections
as might be desirable.

The County and assistant Surveyous, as officers of County Councils, are bound to carry out their lawful orders, and it is open to the Councils to make any reasonable regulations as regards the conduct of the work by these officers, and the diaries they should keep showing their inspections, etc., "

This resolution has been forwarded to the Poor Law Reform bommission for their information.

"On the motion of motion of seconded by we ceacocke, it was decided that the matter by postponed for consideration by the new Council."

The following resolution was received for adoption from the book bo. Committee of agriculture etc.

"That we carnestly ask to bo. Councils and Country Committees of agriculture and Sechnical Instruction in Ireland, to way on the Department the absolute necessity of taking immediate action to suppress the gross fraud on the staple industry of Ireland

which enables Foreign fats to be successfully blended with butter to the escent of 30 percent according to evidence of Somerset House analyst in a recent case held in book, and that pending the introduction of a Bill for such purpose the Department be asked to escercise the closest supervision in watching the introduction and disposal of margarine under whatever name it is importer."

"on the motion of the chairman, seconded by un Peacocke, the above resolution was adopted."

From waterford bountif bouncil, the following resolution was received for adoption:

That this bouncil of the bounty waterford desires to place on record its approval of the suggestions in w. william o'Briens speech at macroom recently advocating the foundation of a bonference to formulate a Scheme by which Parliament would be induced to allocate a Grant for labourers collages in this bountry."

"on the motion of w. Peacocke, seconded by w. Kehoe the above resolution was adopted."

- Traction Engine Traffic - New Ross Bridge -The following report was read from Kilkenny bounty bounced, in reference to traction engine traffic over New Ross Bridge:

"I beg to state that the bommittee appointed to meet the Representatives of the weeford bounty bouncil, and Engineer, have met on NewRoss Bridge and have come to the unanimous conclusion to advise the passage of steam traction ingines with drawn elevator, or empty wagon under steam, no loads of any kind; engine not to travel at a greater speed than one will per hour, or at a just of four minutes across the buidge."

(signed! james. G. Dooley Reps. of Kilkenny 60. bouncil

"The Secretary stated that on the 4th February 1905 the following resolution was adopted by the Westford County Council, and forwarded to the Secretary of Kilkenny County Council, but no reply had been received:

"That the Kilkenny bounty bouncil be asked if they are prepared to pay half the expense of altering the excepting by law relative to traction engines crossing New Ross Bridge; if weseford bounty bouncil will bear the other moiety."

"On the motion of m. Donohoe, seconded by w. Ennis the following resolution was adopted:"That the attention of the bounty bouncil of kilkenny, be again called to the resolution of the westford bounty bouncil, adopted on the 4th February 1905."

- Payments to Road Contractors - The following resolution was received from the meath Country Council:

"That this Council call on the Government to amend the focal Covernment act, at next coming Session of Parliament in such a way as well give power to the County Councils of ireland, to make payments monthly for the maintenance of roads and other Public works; which can be done by a Committee appointed by the County Council to do so, so as to enable the Cabourers to compete for said contracts, as the present system of grantily payments debars Cabourers from tendering for said contracts, as no payment can be made during the first sion months of a contract. The reason we ask the Government to amend the focal Covernment act, is to give imployment to the labourers of this bountry." "Narked-Read"

The following letter under date 2nd may 1905 was

read from m. w. g. walsh, Rosslare:-

"Having been nominated as D. 6. for Rosslave district, I desvice to obtain leave from bounty bouncil, to withdraw from being security for two road bontractors; viz: mis Byrne, Hill-of-Sea, w. John Barrett, walshislough;

to become security for both parties in my place.

of Union, and Reval District Council.

Hoping you will kindly bring the matter before your bouncil, and inform me if there is any further steps to be taken in the matter.

Sehow, the following resolution was adopted:
"That M' w & walsh, be released from his security for m's Byine, and m' Barrett, as Road Contractors; and that M' How, Hill-of-Sea be accepted as sweety vice w' walsh."

The following letter, under date 2nd May 1905, was read from mr. H. J. onyons, bashier of the National Bank westford:

"I should feel much obliged by your granting me a duplicate Cheque- for one lost by me on the 5th September last, payable to m. f. Donohoe; I can't charge the Subsidiary afe with same till I have a cheque to pass thro' afe; should the cheque ever twen up I will be responsible for same."

"On the motion of Mr. Furlong, seconded by W. Ennis; it was decided that duplicate Pay Order for &4 amount of the missing order referred to in the letter of W. Onyons be issued."

The following report of the bounty Surveyor, for the period ended 31st march 1905; was read:

In my reports to the Reval District Councils I have pointed out the necessity for Road Contractors to lose no time in getting ready their road metalling for the coming winter; so that they may have their full quantities ready for measurement in September, as I have under consideration the desirability of refusing to certify for any payments in october to contractors who are short in their tonnage at the time of measurement.

I am anscious to see steam rolling adopted for the main roads; from the experience we have had in Enniscouthy, I am satisfied that the system leads to economy, and it is unnecessary to point out the great advantages gained by an up-to-date method of road maintenance. I would suggest that the Council should purchase a couple of steam or oil engine rollers; the money could be raised by a short loan, and the nollers could be hired out to the District bouners the District Councils could also raise money by - short loans for rolling their roads; so that the cost would not be increased in the first year. Generally speaking, on a fair priced main road four years of metalling should be rolled in the first year, and then one ordinary years supply would suffice for the remaining four years. Later on, the contracts on suitable main roads will eschure, when this important subject will, I trust receive the eareful consider-

The great storm on the night of the with instant, threw down many roads were blocked for a while, but the road bontractors and occupiers had the obstructing true removed as quickly as possible.

The storm did some damage, to the back of the pur, at Kilmore, but very little further damage, has been done to the breakwater since the storm in January. I am making applications for repairs to both the pier and the breakwater; for the latter I have prepared plans for rebuilding the breaches with concrete. in suti, more or less on the lines suggested by we bowan; but I do not think it advisable to alter the batter from 1 in 2 to 1 in 1. Some pointing is required at the end of Fethard pier, for which I am making an application. I attended a Committee weeting at Duncannon relative to the proposal to construct a breakwater. There is no doubt a breakwater is much needed to protect the purs from northwest gales.

Dridging is required at all the small harbours round the coast, including bowtown, Kilmore, Fethard, Ouncannan, and Arthurstown, and in nearly all these harbours, the dredging should be done periodically, so that, as mentioned in a former report, I think that the best plan would be for the bounty bouncil to purchase a small dredger of light draught, it could go from harbour to harbour as required. A bar seems to be forming again at the entrance of bourtown Harbour.

By an order made by the Secretary of State in October 1904, under the Factory and workshop act 1901. I believe it will be necessary to have a railings exceed around steps and slips etc., on all the piers in the County not so protected an Inspector has visited Courtown Harbour, and has ordered a railing to be put up at the steps on the East Guay. I am making application for this work. I forwarded some time ago to the Department.

the plan and draft specification for work

underprinning of the apron at the back of the north pier should be done with the least

possible delay.

The Engineer for the Department of Agriculture has submitted to me plans for Poulduff Pier. I have been in correspondence with him with reference to certain details to which I objected, but with reference to which we have come to a satisfactory agreement; and I have now formally approved of the plans.

of bourtown, and I have signed the plan of bourtown Harbour, showing boundaries, and I have promised to make a duplicate copy for his

fordship as soon as possible!

Shere are a couple of proposals for new works coming before the Reval District Councils of New Ross and Enniscouthy in which the question of public utility arises; in New Ross Reval District the construction of a new road to Bantry Commons comes up for final approval; the road will not be a through road; it terminates on the Commons.

In Enniscouthy R. D. there are four applications to extend the lane at Killanwe to the bounds of the bounds barlow, at the blody river at Kilbranish; I have walked over the whole route and find that the barlow road to which this extension is to be made is a more boreen, not in contract. Killanwer lane, which it is proposed to exclind, is the lane contracted for at the last half-yearly meeting, and to which I drew your attention as not being a work of public utility.

The storm of the 14th ult., blew down the store house at the north end of Furrycarring Bridge; I don't think it would be fair to ask the bontractor to rebuild this store; he has kept it in repair up to this I am making an application for the

work.

The bontracts for the maintenance of the survel of New Ross bridge, and for the maintenance of Ferry carrie Bridge expire at the end of June and should be renewed this time. I am putting the latter contract on the same footing as the other bridges, so that the repairs to the substructure will be done by special contracts.

"It was agreed that the recommendation of the bo. Surveyor, as to the purchase of oil rollers for roads be considered by the new bouncil."

The following minutes of the bourtour Harbour bommittee were read for the meeting:
"That hard Stopford be Chairman for the ensuing year"

Zhat Rev F. E. o'Rowke, be vice-Chairman.

"That the meetings be held on the first Tuesday in each month at 12 o'block.

"We recommend that Mr. b. Riordan be appointed on the bourtown Harbour bommitter.

A letter was read from Michael Bolger, regarding two small houses at the back of the Harbour waster's House. The Committee recommend that he be allowed to retain the one he exceted at a rent of 1/2 per year, and that he give up possession of the other; as it is required by the Harbour Master."

"We recommend that the Harbour master by directed to obtain the nicessary attendance in building and repairing the discharging boats, and that in future a contract be taken for a term of years, for keeping them in repair."

We wish to call the attention of the bounty bouncil to the present state of the bar at bourtown Harbour, and wrge on them to represent the great necessity of a proper dredger being sent as soon as possible, as owing to the.

accumulation of sand the boats are unable to go to sea for the Spring fishing"

some poles for oars, and to get the oars made at a cost not exceeding &6.

"That the Harbour master be authorised to oblain

200 boal bago at a cost not exceeding \$10.

The bommittee recommend the bounty bouncil to adopt the by-laws as revised by the bommittee also the scale of dues which has been in force for some years."

The Committee checked the Harbour master's account

and found them correct!

"The bommittee recommend that a wooden sheeting be built on the wall where the boal is discharged to save the bags being cut by the stones in the guay wall."

Bills for the amount of &14:6. 6. were submitted by the Harbour master and found correct, and we recommend Paying Order for same be would

by the Finance Committee!"

Harbour, be also appointed on the Committee. The Committee find that howsers in use for mooring the discharging boats have become ineffective; and recommend the purchase of new howsers, cost not to exceed &1: 10/2.

The Finance Committee recommended the adoption of the above minutes, and on the motion of m. Ennis, seconded by m. Kinsella the recommendation was confirmed.

on the motion of m. Bolger, seconded by un Peacocke

the following was adopted -

"That the repairs to the apron at the back of the north pier referred to in the report of the bo surveyor be carried out immediately"

-Fethard Pier -

under date 4th april (letter No. 1631) 7th april (letter No. 4541) and 27th april (letter No. 4541) the Board of works, wrote asking if the bounty bouncil had decided to carry out the repairs to Fethard Pier.

The acting Secretary stated that he had written the Board of works pointing out that the proposal Committee had adopted a proposal for carrying out the repairs, and had ealled for tenders for the work.

Ordered: Board of works to be informed that a tender has been taken for the work.

- Dredging Kilmore, & Courtown Harbours -In connection with the hire of the Board of works no. 3. dredger by the bouncel for dredging Courtour and Kilmore Harbours, the following litter was read from the Board of works under date 28th april, 1905 and No. 5328-

"with reference to your letter of the 4th instant relative to the proposed hiring of No. 2 diedger by the exercford bounty bouncil, I am directed by the Commissioners of Public works to inform you that owing to the unfavourable weather the painting and general over-hauling of the vissel has been delayed, and it will not be ready to leave Kingstown before the 10th proseims, or as soon after as the weather will permit.

The Board have received a copy of the policy of insurance from mr seorge Bell, 27 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin, but it will be recessary that the bounty bouncel should lodge the original notice of insurance in this office before the dredger leaves her moorings at Kingstown "In connection with the question of the Insurance of the dredger the following letter was read from in George Bell; 27 his John Rogerson's Quay Dublin:

Dredger No 2.

"I have yours of the 29 ulto, contents noted.

I have written hondon asking them to complete the stamped Policy as from the 10 inst., and no doubt but will have the policy in ample time for the Board to allow of her leaving on this date."

me I. g. walsh Contractor for repair and dredging works at Kilmore wrote, under date 10th april:

"I duly received yours of 4th inst., re dredging of Courtour and Kilmore. Please excuse me omitting to acknowledge same. I am quite satisfied with the terms as arranged for the hire of the B. of w. No 2 Dredger. As far as the Insurance is concurred, I am quite satisfied to leave the matter in yours and the bo. Council's hands."

Proposed by m. Reacocke, seconded by w. Ennis, and Resolved: "That the Corporate Seal of the weseford bounty bouncil be affected to the agreement in duplicate, whereby the bouncel agree to pay for the here of Dredger no 3 for two months from whatever day in may 1905 the said dredger leaves her moorings in Kingstown; the sum of £5 per week, together with a sum of \$12 per week for costs of working, and undertake to insure the said dredger for the period above mentioned in the sum of \$ 2,800 in the name of the Kingstown bommissioners." That the attention of the Board of works be called to the fact that the bouncil require the dredger for July and August or longer if necessary

Leaves Courtown Harbown westers from nessers button, solicitors to Lord Courtown, that his fordship and ford Stopford had power only to give a lease of the Harbown-naster's House and plot at Courtown

for a period of 31 years.

On the motion of M? Ennis, seconded by W! Donohov, the following resolution was adopted.

"That the bounty bouncil take from Lord bourtown a least for 31 years of the Harbour Master's house and plot at bourtown, and that the least given to Lord bourtown from the bounty bouncil in respect of the small plot given in eschange be also for 31 years."

on the motion of we watch seconded by we kehoe,

the following resolution was adopted:

"That we Elger be directed to enter into negotiations with the Admiralty as to letting to them, the bourtown Boat-house"

Sife-Boat House on the motion of m. Ennis, seconded by we school, the following resolution was adopted:
"That the life Boat house at bourtown be let to the National Life Boat Institution, at a rent of one shilling per year."

By- Laws, Courtown Harbow.

on the motion of w. John Bolger, seconded by w. Ennis the following resolution was adopted:"That the by-laws for bourtown Harbour be approved, and that the bommon Seal of the bouncil be afficed thereto."

Dues, Courtown Harbour.

Proposed by W. Bolger, seconded by W. Ennis and passed - "That the Schedule of dues for bowntown Harbour be approved and that the bommon Seal of the bouncil be affixed thouts"

- Main Roads Declaration

on the motion of the bhaviman, seconded by w. Ennis, the following resolution was adopted:
"That as the main Roads' declaration will escribe on the 30th gune 1905, this bouncil should be afforded an opportunity of considering whether

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it would lead to more efficient administration if each Rival district paid for the maintenance of its own roads and works. We request the Local Government Board to advise us as to the steps to be taken to allow the bouncil to refuse having a Main Roads' declaration, should the bouncil believe this to be desirable."

- Erection of Telephone Pole. Under date 17th april, the District Manager of the National Telephone Company, wrote applying for approval to the erection of telephone pole on the Rosbercon Road in the position marked on plan 10.705.

"On the motion of we Ennis, seconded by we Kehoe, the request of the District Manager of the Delephone bo, as set out in his letter of the 17th

april was acceded to."

- Typewriting Machine for bo. Surveyor's office - under date 3rd april, the following letter was read from the bounty Surveyor:

"So many specifications and reports have to be prepared in this office that it is desirable that I should have a typewriter of an approved pattern would you kindly lay the matter before the bo. bouncil and oblige"

"The following recommendation in this matter was made by the Finance bommittee-"That the request of the bounty surveyor for typewriter be acceded to, price and make of machine to be

fixed by the Council."

on the motion of w. Peacocke, seconded by w. Ennis, it was decided that the bounty Surveyor be allowed to purchase a Remington Machine, cost to be borne by the bouncil."

School of Irish hearning. - The following letter was read from W. R. W. Elger

under date, 24th February with reference to applicatwo for grant to school of Jush learning "With reference to your letter of the 8" inst., with copy Risolution of the bounty bouncel, referring to me the question as to whether the Council were in a position to contribute to this school, I write to say that I have gone earefully through the local Government act, and I cannot find anything in it, which would authorise the Council to do so, and therefore, I cannot advise them to subscribe, and I would appear to be borne out in this view by the fact that there is not in the list of Donations and subscriptions to the School; a subscription from any bounty bouncil in Ireland. on the motion of we reacocke seconded by w. Ennis, it was decided, that the managers of the School be informed of the opinion of iv Elgu in the matter."

and Rule 127 (b) of the bode- National Education.

Under date 18th april, the following were read
from W. J. Jaylor- of the Jush office bondon
"I am directed by w. Long to acknowledge the
receipt of your letter of the 14th instant, enclosing
copy of a Resolution passed at a special meeting
of the weocford bounty bouncil, on the same date,
requesting him to make arrangements at an early
date for a personal inspection of the Piers and
Harlows on the weocford coast."

"I am directed by he fong to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 14th instant, enclosing copy of a Resolution in reference to Rule 127 (6) of the bode of the bommissioners of National Education, adopted at a meeting of the westford bounty bouncil, held on the same date."

Under date 21st april, the following was read

from w. Peter Ffunch, u.P.

"I am in receipt of resolution with reference to Purs and Harbours, also resolution with reference to Rule 127 (b) of the Commissioners of National Education. These matters have been occupying the attention of the Irish Party for some time, and I hope we may be successful in inducing the Government to take up the marine works Bill for the South East coast as well as inducing the Chief Secretary to come and visit our Harbours"

you have seen that the Chief Secretary in reply to Mr James O'Connor M. P. stated the Teachers would not suffer any injustice on account of the new Rule 127 (6)."

Teaching of bush The following series of resolutions was received from the Gaelie League, Dublin for adoption: That we the Westford bounty bouncil call the earnest attention of the bountry to the disastrous consequences to the interests of the Nation ensuing from the Starvation policy pursued by the British Treasury towards Frimary education, in Ireland which owing to the beggarly rates of salaries now offered to teachers degrades the profession, and threatens to staff the schools of the bountry with an intellectually infuror class of men and women, and which in many other ways, regardless of efficiency; continually. excerts an undue pressive on the educational authorities to diminish their expenditure."

"That we call on the bommissioners of National Education to remedy the grave injustice which is being inflicted upon the teachers in respect of payments for teaching Irish by the system lately adopted for calculating the number of days required to be made by each pupil in the year credit being given only for two attendances each

week, even where the pupil has actually been present at five lessons, and we request that either every actual attendance should be counted or else that the percentage of meetings required by Kule 123 (b) should be reduced from 75 per cent to 60 per cent.

We also demand that the teaching of Irish as an extra, should not depend on the efficiency

of schools in any other subjects; and

That pupils in the Second and Third Standards should be eligible for fees for Irish as an excha.

That while the concession, belated though it was, of a Bilingual Programme for introduction into Schools in districts where wish only is spoken, or both Irish and English, has been received with satisfaction, we regret to find that neither the Board of National Education, nor its Enspectors have taken any steps to promote its adoption, either by encouraging or helping teachers to introduce it, or by appointing Itinerant Instructors to train the teachers in the best methods of conducting a

school on bilingual lines.

That we demand that only inspectors who are Irish speakers, and otherwise thoroughly competent to examine in wish, be deputed to inspect schools in which the Bilingual system is in operation as it is evident that it would be most unfair, that the efficiency of such schools should be judged from the English side of the programme, or that full credit should not be given for the work done through the medium of wish; and we further demand that where Irish is taught as an extra a similarly qualified Inspector be employed.

That we call upon the Iraining bolleges to make Irish a compulsory subject for their entrance escamination, to make it a subject carrying merit at all Intermediate Escaminations; and at the final

examination for Teacher's bertificate.

That as only through the effective teaching of the language to the rising generation of the youth of Ireland, from their earliest years, will it be possible to make the Nation Erish speaking again, and the present, a rational continuation of our past, we call upon all the schools, to teach the language daily to every school-going child in the bountry, and also to give adequate instruction in the history and traditions of Ireland, and thereby impart such an education on National lines as the Irish people through the Gaelic League desires and demands."

"on the motion of we Peacocke, seconded by the Chairman the above resolutions were adopted."

on the motion of we Kehoe, seconded by w. Donohoe the following recommendations from the Finance bommittee were confirmed:

"That tenders be invited (for the purchase of waste paper) by the bounty bouncil."

"That the bouncil be recommended not to pay claim for 1/8 by the Income Jase bommissioners in respect of the assessment of caretaker's residence Gorey bourthouse."

"Recommended - Shat as the sum of \$470 has been expended out of the Subsidiary account for the quarter ended 31st March 1905, and as the Department of agriculture will require to be paid on account - per certificate of the los Surveyor-for the contract for improvements at Pouldiff Pier to which the bounty is contributing a sum of \$1,000, that a sum of \$1,000, be transferred to the Subsidiary account to meet the expenditure for the current quarter"

- Road Contractors Bonds, etc. On the motion of we Kehoe, seconded by we walsh, the following resolution was adopted:
"That the Common Seal of the Council be afficed to the bonds of all contractors for works, for half-year."

The Board of Works forwarded particulars of agreement with the Enniscorthy Rural District Council to advance the sum of £ 23.600 under the fabourers Act. Interest at the Rate of £ 4:5]- per cent per annum, to be repaid by an annuity or rent charge composed of equal half-yearly instalments each to be calculated at the rate of £ 2:8:5, for every £100 of the loan advanced for the term of 50 years.

under date 1st may 1905 the following bircular letter No. 68 11 '05, Miscellaneous was read from the Local Government Board:

"Advirting to their bircular letter of the 20th may 1903 relative to the acceptance of Senders for public works, I am directed by the focal Government Board for decland, to state that in bounties and Rural Districts, where the bouncil have required a deposit to be lodged with Senders for public works, there appears to be a want of uniformity in regard to the manner in which such deposits, when received are accounted for, and they recommend that the following procedure should be adopted: a formal receipt should be given by the learning or blerk for each sum deposited, and every deposit received should be recorded in a special book provided for the purpose, and the amount lodged without delay with the Ireasurer, to the credit of the bouncil. Persons intitled to a refund of deposits should be paid immediately after the adjourned seeting

of the Proposal Committee, or Rural District Council, at the office of the Sicretary or Clerk, who should be supplied with sufficient funds for the purpose.

The receipt originally given should in all cases be returned to the Secretary or block, when the money is refunded, and should be endorsed on the back with an acknowledgment of the payment.

of the refund being made opposite to the correspond-

ing entry in the deposit book.

I am to add that having regard to the differing requirements of various localities, the local Government Board have considered it desirable to prescribe special forms of specification, tenders and contract for public works, but representation have been made to the Board that a general form of lender and Bond would facilitate the work of the bounty and Rural District Councils, they forward, to be laid before the Council, for adoption if found suitable, forms which they have had prepared in connection with the matter."

"On the motion of w" Donohoe, seconded by w" Ennis the following resolution was adopted: "That no change be made in respect of the present system of dealing with deposits received from contractors for tenders at the Proposal Committee"

The following resolution adopted at a secting of the Enniscouthy when bouncil on the 12th inst, was laid before the meeting:

Resolved: "That a concrete footpath be put down from Enniscouthy Bridge by river wall by bhrist-lian Brothers Schools to River Line at a cost of \$22:10f
and that we respectfully request the bounty bouncil to contribute half the cost, this being a main road and the principal road by which children must pass along when going to the bhristian Schools

"also a concrete footpath on Shannon Hill, from end of present flagged footpath to end of the ussioners' wall, at a cost of £ 15: 4/- this being a main road, we respectfully request half cost."

"at the meeting of the Finance Committee the following resolution had been adopted on the motion of me Donohov, seconded by we Peacocke:

"That the application of the Enniscorthy whom bouncil, in re new footpaths on Main roads be recommended to the Council for adoption"

"On the motion of we Peacocke, seconded by we kehoe, it was agreed that the application braceeded to."

- Public Bodies' Order-Requirement Book.

On the motion of w! Peacocke, seconded by we Ennis, the following resolution was adopted:

"That we request the focal Government Board to vary the provisions of the Public Bodies wider 1904 (Art. 22) so as to allow of the Finance bommitted to give authority from time to time by any member of the bounty bouncil staff for the ordering of any goods to be supplied or work to be done, the subsequent sanction of the bouncil to be obtained."

The following minutes of the Finance Committee were confirmed:

Westing-18th February-Rayment of \$47:3:11,

Meeting-Narch 4th Rayment of \$49:3:11,

Meeting-March 4th Rayment of \$30: 18: Meeting works

"Recommendation that leapt Pigott, be granted leave of absence for a month; and that we Frizell assist Secretary, be appointed acting Secretary at a salary of \$2 her week, during the illness of bapt Pigott."

That the attention of bollectors Blake, and Gennon and their Sweetes be directed to the large amount of rates outstanding in their districts; that only a fortnight now remains to the close of the half.

year; and that the bollectors in question be warned that no poundage fees can be paid them unless they lodge the full amount of their warrants by the 31st inst.

Shat the acting Secretary communicate with bollectors Smith, Earle, & Banville, and & Barron and point out to them, that they have a very large amount of Rales outstanding as compared

with the same period last year."

"That the attention of bollector Doyle, be again called to the extremely unsatisfactory manner in which he is discharging his duties; the Finance bommittee are surprised to find that within a fortnight of the close of the half year, he has not yet collected half the amount of his warrant.

"That this resolution be brought to the special notice of the neset meeting of the bounty bouncil; and that we Doyle's sweeties be informed of the Finance bommittee's disapproval of the manner in which he is performing his duty."

Cayment of \$59: 7:0

"That Paying Order for & 18 7 1 to Harbour Master, bourtown Harbour, be not issued until vouchers for this amount have been submitted to the acting Secretary. That the Harbour Master be informed that he should submit his accounts to the monthly Meetings of the bourtown Harbour Committee, and have a statement inserted on the Minutes of this bommittee, as to the amount of expenditive which has been approved by them."

"The state of the Rate bollection was laid before the unting and the following resolution adopted:

That as the bounty bouncil mets within two days from the present reeting of the Finance bommittee the question of the state of the Rate bollection be referred to the bouncil."

referred to the Council!"

Leeting-15th april-Payment of £ 238: 7: 9.

The following winete of Courtown Harbour Committee

was approved: "We recommend that the Harbour waster obtain some poles for oars, and get the oars made at a cost not exceeding \$6.

"We recommend that the Harbour Master be authorised to obtain 200 coal bags at a cost not exceeding \$ 10.

Meeting- 29th april 1905 - Payment of \$ 272: 7: 5.

"Resolution of confirmation was moved on the motion of his Kehoe, seconded by we Donohoe."

On the motion of we Kehoe, seconded by we Donohoe, the following resolution was adopted:
"That the minutes of the Proposal Committee for Guarterly muting- 14th april, half-yearly meeting14th april; and adjourned half-yearly meeting5th may; were approved."

Edward Hore,